# MONTHLY LETTER JUNE 2016



TUNDRATIFONDER





Summary frontier markets	3
Tundra Frontier Opportunities Fund	4
Tundra Nigeria & Sub-Sahara Fund	5
Tundra Pakistan Fund	6
Tundra Rysslandsfond	7
Tundra Sustainable Frontier Fund	8
Tundra Vietnam Fund	9
Appendix I – Equity markets	10
Appendix II – Commodity markets	11
Appendix III – Currencies	12
Disclaimer	13



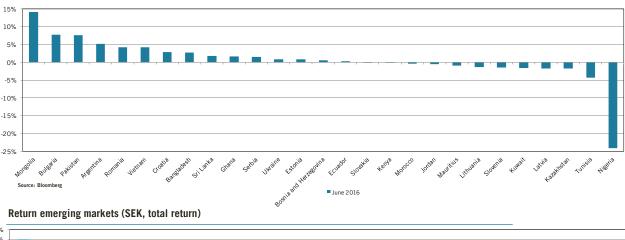
### Monthly Letter June 2016 Summary frontier markets

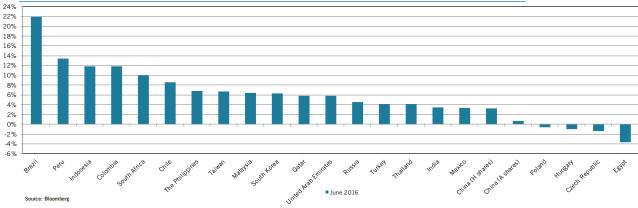
For frontier markets, June turned out to be everything but a calm summer month. The asset class broke its previous positive trend and fell 1.7% (MSCI Frontier Markets xGCC Net, SEK). As a comparison, emerging markets (MSCI Emerging Markets Net) rose by 6.2% while developed markets (MSCI World) returned 1.0%. It was Nigeria's decision to let go of the USD currency peg after 1.5 years that turned frontier markets as an asset class into red territory in June – while a majority of frontier markets rose in June, index heavyweight Nigeria fell 24.1% in SEK. Excluding Nigeria, frontier markets would have ended June with a positive return. It should also be added that the negative return in Nigeria was limited to the currency effect and that the local stock market (MSCI Nigeria Net) rose 5.5% in Naira terms. During the past month global equity markets were dominated by the Brexit referendum. What the final effect of the vote will be for frontier markets is premature to conclude at this time but the immediate market reaction was limited to two days of decline of in total 4.6% in USD terms followed by two days of rising markets. Long term, Brexit creates uncertainty with among other things a potential negative impact on export from frontier markets. Among the individual frontier markets, the European (Romania, Slovenia, Croatia, Estonia, Serbia, Lithuania and Bulgaria) and North Africa (Morocco and Tunisia) markets are most at risk as export in these geographies are more tilted to Europe than other parts of frontier markets. For instance, 75% of Romania's export goes to EU while the corresponding number for Pakistan, Vietnam and Sri Lanka is limited to 20%. As usual, it should also be stressed that frontier markets often outperforms during periods of global volatility as these markets tends to be dominated by

domestic investors with less dependence on global capital flows. More important for frontier markets than the Brexit referendum was Nigeria's decision to let go of the USD currency peg. After having been pegged at 197 Naira to the USD for approximately 1.5 years despite a crashing oil price (the country's by far most important export product) and the economy being in recession during the past quarter, the Central Bank of Nigeria decided to give in on June 20th and let the currency trade freely. The new level established is 280, i.e. a 30% devaluation. The decision is long term positive for Nigeria and was welcomed by rising equity prices on the Nigerian stock exchange. For foreign investors however, the new currency regime resulted in a 30% loss.

During the past month, MSCI announced that Pakistan will be upgraded to emerging market status from May 2017. The decision was in line with our expectation and is undoubtedly a quality stamp for Pakistan, and boosted performance (+7.7% in SEK) in June. Worth noticing is also that MSCI announced that they are considering removing Nigeria from its global frontier market index, primarily due to the currency restrictions limiting foreign investors from freely redeeming capital. The announcement however came before the devaluation, and the risk of exclusion should therefore be limited. In addition, MSCI announced that Argentina, the biggest index constituent (almost 20% of MSCI Frontier Markets xGCC Net), may be upgraded to emerging market status. This decision will be made in 2017. Overall, 45% of the global frontier market universe may be shifted out in the not too distant future. Confusing, but at the same time a result of the fact that these countries are going through major changes.

#### Return frontier markets (SEK, total return)







Return

PPM

AuM

Bloomberg

## Monthly Letter June 2016 **Tundra Frontier Opportunities Fund (class A, SEK)**

rundra i rontici oppoi	145.5	1.570	0.470	0.170	45.570	
Benchmark (MSCI FM xGCC Net (SEK))		4988.0	-1.7%	3.0%	-7.1%	23.8%
Facts	F	Risk and c	osts*			
Inception date	2013-04-02	Active risk (Tracking error)				8.6%
Inception price	100.00	S	Standard deviation			13.0%
Pricing	Daily	S	Standard deviation, benchmark			13.4%
Manager	Tundra Fonder AB	В	Beta			0.77
Benchmark index	MSCI FM xGCC Net (SEK)	li	Information ratio			0.26
Bank account	SFB 5851-1078355	Risk level 7 of 7 (refer to KIID for			er to KIID fo	r more info)

NAV (SEK)

YTD

Management fee/yea

Risk indicators are based on monthly rolling 24 months of return data. Funds with inception date within 24 months use weekly return data since inception

SE0004211282

861229 TUNDFRO SS

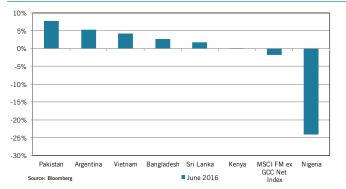
313.6 MSEK

#### Best performers in June Worst performers in June Dhg Pharmaceutic 38.5% Fbn Holdings Plc -29.4% 35.2% -29.0% Saigon General United Bank Afr Banco Macro Sa-B 21.8% Wapic Insurance Hoa Phat Grp Jsc 19.7% Diamond Bank -28.0% -27.3% Cresud Sa 17.7% Access Bank Plc

#### Five largest holdings

Holding	Portfolio weight	Country	P/E 2015E	P/E 2016E	Yield	month (SEK)
International Brands	5.9%	Pakistan	-	-	-	44.0%
Brac Bank Ltd	5.1%	Banglad.	15.8	14.5	2.8%	16.3%
Fpt Corp	4.7%	Vietnam	10.5	9.7	4.4%	4.7%
Active Fine Chem	4.5%	Banglad.	-	-	-	-1.5%
Zenith Bank Plc	4.1%	Nigeria	4.8	4.8	11.2%	-24.5%

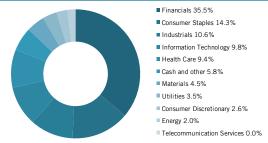
#### Major frontier markets (SEK, total return)



#### Tundra Frontier Opportunities vs index (since inception)



#### **Tundra Frontier Opportunities: Sector allocation**



#### The market

Inception

MSCI Frontier Markets Index xGCC Net (SEK) fell 1.7% during the month, compared with the MSCI Emerging Markets Net (SEK), which rose 6.2%. Nigeria's devaluation (June 20th) and Brexit (June 23rd) affected both stock markets and currency markets significantly. A weaker Swedish krona (2% against the dollar) mitigated losses somewhat. The weak index performance was entirely due to Nigeria (18% weight before the devaluation), which fell 24% (SEK) during the month. Most other markets moved slightly upwards. Of the larger frontier markets Pakistan (+7.7%) and Argentina (+5.2%) performed well. Except for the first two days after the Brexit-shock the market reaction in frontier markets was surprisingly modest. Not even more Brexit-sensitive markets of Central and Eastern Europe reacted significantly. Romania for example rose 4% during the month. Regarding global events during July we are awaiting the Federal Reserve's interest rate announcement on July 27. After Brexit the market assessed probability of a rate increase has dropped to near zero. The end of Ramadan in the second week of July, combined with approaching reporting season may positively influence trading activity.

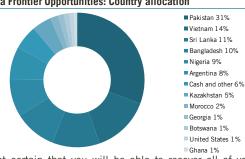
Return 1

The fund rose 1.9% during the month, compared to the market that fell 1.7%. Both country selection as well as stock selection added to performance during the month. The fund received good contributions from positions in Bangladesh and Vietnam, as well as from its underweight in Nigeria. Bangladeshi Brac Bank (5% of the portfolio), which owns the mobile payment solution BKash that recently surpassed M-Pesa on number of subscribers, rose 16% during the month. Vietnamese pharmaceutical company DHG (1% of the portfolio) rose 38% on rumors of a structural deal. Just over 1% of the excess return was attributable to a revaluation of the fund's unlisted holding in Pakistani International Brands (IBL). The revaluation took place due to a sharp rise in the company's main asset, the listed pharmaceutical company Searle, and the fact that a clear timeline for an IPO in the autumn has been set. Assuming the IPO takes place according to plan, it is our assessment that there is significant upside potential from current levels. The fund's other holdings in Pakistan again had difficulties following the market upward. We believe that these holdings is the part of the portfolio while we are likely to have the greatest potential from current levels.

#### Tundra Frontier Opportunities vs index (year-to-date)



#### **Tundra Frontier Opportunities: Country allocation**





Return

PPM

Au M

Bloomberg

# Monthly Letter June 2016 Tundra Nigeria & Sub-Sahara Fund (class A, SEK)

Tundra Nigeria &	ra Nigeria & Sub-Sahara Fund 59.0 -13.8% -11.9% -37.29			-37.2%	-41.1%	
Benchmark (S&P Africa Frontier TR Index (SEK))		10223.5	-12.1%	-10.3%	-28.3%	-21.7%
Facts			Risk and c	osts*		
Inception date	2013-05-20	Active risk (Tracking error)				4.5%
Inception price	100		Standard deviation			20.8%
Pricing	Daily		Standard deviation, benchmark			19.2%
Manager	Tundra Fonder AB	1	Beta			1.06
Benchmark index	S&P Africa Frontier TR Index(SEK)		Information ratio			-1.36
Bank account	SEB 5851-1101667		Risk level 7 of 7 (refer to KIID for			more info)
ISIN	SE0005188091	Management fee/year			2.5%	

1 month

YTD

1 year

Inception

\* Risk indicators are based on monthly rolling 24 months of return data. Funds with inception date within 24 months use weekly return data since inception

878223

TUNDNIG SS

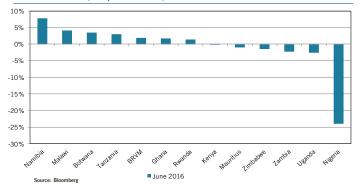
22.9 MSEK

Best performers in June		Worst performers in Ju	ıne
	Return (SEK)		Return (SEK)
Mtn Group Ltd	26.8%	Oando Plc	-34.6%
Fnb Namibia Hold	8.8%	Seplat Petrol	-34.3%
Barclays Bank	4.2%	Stanbic Ibtc Hol	-30.9%
Mcb Group Ltd	2.9%	Forte Oil Plc	-30.3%
First Natl Botsw	1.5%	Ecobank Transnat	-29.7%

#### Five largest holdings

Holding	Portfolio weight	Country	P/E 2015E	P/E 2016E	Yield	month (SEK)
Mtn Group Ltd	9.0%	S Africa	10.4	11.7	5.7%	26.8%
Guaranty Trust	8.8%	Nigeria	6.9	6.6	7.6%	-14.6%
Seplat Petrol	8.0%	Nigeria	7.5	12.6	4.4%	-34.3%
Zenith Bank Plc	7.4%	Nigeria	4.8	4.8	11.2%	-24.5%
Letshego Holding	4.8%	Botswana	7.5	6.3	6.8%	-2.5%
Course Discorder Tonder Fooder						

#### African markets (SEK, total return)



#### Tundra Nigeria & Sub-Sahara Fund vs index (since inception)



#### Tundra Nigeria & Sub-Sahara Fund: Sector allocation



#### The market

S&P Africa Frontier Total Return Index declined 12.1% in June. The African performance was worse compared to other frontier markets (MSCI Frontier Markets xGCC Net -1.7%). Nigeria devalued the Naira and declined by 24.1% (+-21.1% YTD) while Kenya declined 0.2% (+5.0% YTD). The best performing market was Namibia rising 21.8%, while Nigeria was the worst performer (in local currency terms Nigeria was actually up 5.5%). (all changes in SEK)

After the Centralbank of Nigeria's meeting at the end of May announced that they would introduce a more flexible currency regime, the market had to wait for more than three weeks for further clarification. From June 20th they introduced a market set pricing mechanism, but CBN will intervene if deemed necessary, i.e. a Managed Float. This was on paper more liberal than the market had expected. The value of the currency depreciated by around 30%, to NGN 282 per USD, on the first day of the float, in line with most economists fair value. The currency market is however off to a slow start in terms of liquidity with CBN providing most of the liquidity which has led to international investors staying on the sidelines. With a gloomy outlook for the Nigerian economy, with rising inflation, slowing economic growth and decreased purchasing power the market needs to see some positive signs before appetite rises again. The currency most likely need to depreciate further to around 300-320 before investors interest recovers on a larger scale. Our assessment is however that the prospects for Nigeria has improved. The devaluation was long over due, but essential to the economic recovery and to foreign investor interest. It will be a gradual process as the economy adjusts and before we can start to see the positives coming from the change in policy.

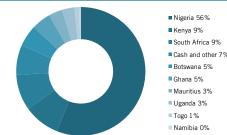
#### The fund

The devaluation hit the fund which declined 13.8% in June, worse than the benchmarks' -12.1%. The underperformance is almost all explained by the overweight in Nigeria on a country level. On a sector level the fund gained owning the right stocks in the Telecom sector as well as underweights in Consumer stocks. Our overweights in Financials and Energy stocks gave the largest negative contribution. No major portfolio changes in June. (all changes in SEK)

#### Tundra Nigeria & Sub-Sahara Fund vs index (year-to-date)



Tundra Nigeria & Sub-Sahara Fund: Country allocation





## Monthly Letter June 2016 Tundra Pakistan Fund (class A. SEK)

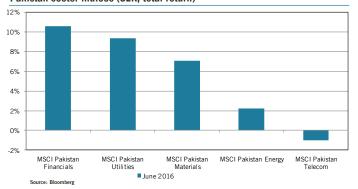
Return	NAV (SEK)	1 month	YTD	1 year	Inception
Tundra Pakistan Fund	295.1	5.4%	6.6%	2.4%	195.1%
Benchmark (MSCI Pakistan Net (SEK))	6512.7	7.7%	14.3%	0.7%	123.4%

Facts		Risk and costs*	
Inception date	2011-10-14	Active risk (Tracking error)	8.3%
Inception price	100.00	Standard deviation	21.3%
Pricing	Daily	Standard deviation, benchmark	24.4%
Manager	Tundra Fonder AB	Beta	0.83
Benchmark index	MSCI Pakistan Net (SEK)	Information ratio	0.74
Bank account	SEB 5851-1076190	Risk level 7 of 7 (refer to KIID	for more info)
ISIN	SE0004211308	Management fee/year	2.5%
PPM	705806		
Bloomberg	TUNDPAK SS		
AuM	922.5 MSEK		

Best performers in Jun	e	Worst performers in J	une
	Return (SEK)		Return (SEK)
Habib Bank Ltd	14.5%	Netsol Technolog	-14.0%
Bata Pakistan	12.3%	Aisha Steel Mill	-12.0%
Lucky Cement	11.2%	Efu Life Assuran	-11.7%
Natl Bk Pakistan	9.2%	Tpl Trakker Ltd	-9.8%
Mcb Bank Ltd	9.0%	Engro Polymer	-8.3%

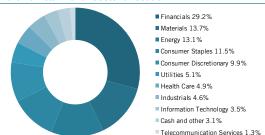
Five largest holdings						Return 1
Holding	Portfolio weight	Country	P/E 2015E	P/E 2016E	Yield	month (SEK)
Habib Bank Ltd	6.7%	Pakistan	8.3	8.6	7.1%	14.5%
United Bank Ltd	5.5%	Pakistan	8.3	8.0	7.7%	8.3%
K-Electric Ltd	5.1%	Pakistan	9.6	6.7	0.8%	8.8%
International Brands	5.0%	Pakistan	-	-	-	44.0%
Nishat Mills Ltd	4.4%	Pakistan	-	-	-	-3.3%

#### Pakistan sector indices (SEK, total return)



#### Tundra Pakistan Fund vs index (since inception)





#### The market

MSCI Pakistan Net (SEK) gained 7.7% during June, outperforming the MSCI Emerging Markets Net (SEK) which gained 6.2%. Daily traded value shrunk to USD 97m, but still a decent number given shorter trading days during Ramadan. Foreigners were the major buyers in the market with USD 74m in June.

The most important development in Pakistan market was the positive outcome of MSCIs review where Pakistan was upgraded to Emerging market index from Frontier index from May 2017. Up to nine stocks qualify for inclusion with an expected cumulative weight of 0.19%. Although the weight of Pakistan is not significant, it remains an important milestone in improving the perception of the country for foreign investors and reassure investors that market is moving in the right direction. The Government announced FY17 budget with main focus on fiscal reforms (Fiscal deficit target of 3.8% vs 4.3% in FY16) while raising hopes on GDP growth of 5.7% compared to 4.7% in FY16. From a market perspective, the budget lacked any major surprises. Continuation of Super tax (one-off tax), however, is likely to negatively impact corporate earnings by 3-5%. Given improving macro situation and huge valuation gap compared to other emerging peers, Pakistan is likely to receive some traction from foreign investors.

#### The fund

The fund gained 5.4% Net (SEK) during the month compared to the benchmark index return of 7.7%. With the inclusion into MSCI Emerging market index, market saw increased interest in blue chip index stocks from foreign investors. Our underweight in index heavy Materials (Lucky, FFC) and Financials (MCB, HBL) represents majority of the underperformance. In addition, our off benchmark bets in Consumer Discretionary and IT sectors also did not fare well for the fund. Just over 1% of the excess return was attributable to a revaluation of the fund's unlisted holding in Pakistani International Brands (IBL). The revaluation took place due to a sharp rise in the company's main asset, the listed pharmaceutical company Searle, and the fact that a clear timeline for an IPO in the autumn has been set. Assuming the IPO takes place according to plan, it is our assessment that there is significant upside potential from current levels. No major changes were made during the month.

#### Tundra Pakistan Fund vs index (year-to-date)



Foreign flows and daily turnover on the Pakistan Stock Exchange 150 100 50 -50 -100 ian-16 ■ Net foreign portfolio inflow, Pakistan (USD)
Source: Pakistan Stock Exchange, NCCEL Avg daily traded value (USD)



# Monthly Letter June 2016 Tundra Rysslandsfond (class A, SEK)

Return	NAV (SEK)	1 month	YTD	1 year	Inception
Tundra Rysslandsfond	88.6	1.8%	17.2%	4.1%	-11.4%
Jmf-index (MSCI Russia Net (SEK))	3722.8	4.5%	21.8%	1.3%	-3.6%

Facts		Risk and costs*	
Inception date	2011-10-14	Active risk (Tracking error)	9.8%
Inception price	100,00	Standard deviation	24.2%
Pricing	Daily	Standard deviation, benchmark	28.9%
Manager	Tundra Fonder AB	Beta	0.79
Benchmark index	MSCI Russia Net (SEK)	Information ratio	-0.03
Bank account	SEB 5851-1076212	Risk level 7 of 7 (refer to KIID f	or more info)
ISIN	SE0004211274	Management fee/year	2.5%
PPM	741637		
Bloomberg	TUNDRYS SS		
AuM	17.2 MSFK		

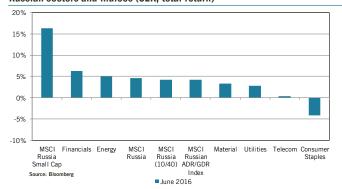
\*Risk indicators are based on monthly rolling 24 months of return data. Funds with inception date within 24 months use weekly return data since in

Best performers in It	ına

Best performers in June		worst performers in Ju	ine
	Return (SEK)		Return (SEK)
Lsr	22.2%	Megafon	-5.7%
Tatneft	15.4%	Surgutnefteg-Prf	-2.6%
Rosneft	13.6%	Tmk	-1.4%
Et-Gdr Reg S	10.1%	Halyk Savings Bk	-1.3%
Soveretal	0.8%	Mobile Telesyste	0.7%

Five largest holdings						Return 1
Holding	Portfolio weight	Country	P/E 2015E	P/E 2016E	Yield	month (SEK)
Sberbank	9.2%	Russia	13.5	7.3	2.9%	7.0%
Magnit	9.2%	Russia	14.6	14.5	2.9%	1.9%
Gazprom	7.6%	Russia	2.9	3.8	6.1%	0.8%
Surgutnefteg-Prf	5.2%	Russia	2.8	9.5	7.2%	-2.6%
Vaneck Vectors R	4.7%	United Sta	1 -	-	######	5.4%
Source: Bloomberg, Tundra Fonder						

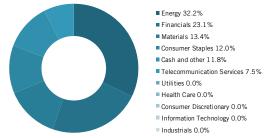
#### Russian sectors and indices (SEK, total return)



#### Tundra Rysslandsfond vs index (since inception)



#### Tundra Rysslandsfond: Sector allocation



#### The market

MSCI Russia Net SEK rose 4.5% in June compared to other emerging markets (MSCI Emerging Markets Net SEK), which rose 6.2%. Best sector during the month was Financials, which rose 6.3%. Worst sector was Consumer Staples, which fell 4.2%. Small Cap Index rose 16.4% during the month and continues as earlier in the year to develop significantly stronger than the market as a whole, which is a positive sign for increased and broader interest in the Russian market.

The oil price (Brent) was unchanged in June and surprisingly the Ruble strengthened 5.4% against SEK. The Russian Central Bank lowered its key interest rate from 11% to 10.5% during the month. The 3 year USD bond fell from yield of 2.96% to 2.22% in June, which is also a sign of increased risk appetite towards Russian assets. Outside the index two major power companies, Inter Rao and Federal Grid increased by 35% and 29% respectively both in SEK.

Turkey's President Erdogan apologized to President Putin for shooting down a Russian warplane on 24 November 2015. As a result, Russia lifted the tourism ban and is preparing to remove restrictions on some food imports from Turkey. As expected, the EU extended sanctions for another six months, to end-2016. The biggest corporate news was that the food retailer Magnit reported lower sales than expected. In May, sales rose only 9.6%, compared with 14.7% in April. The company has previously said they will prioritize margins over growth, but it was nonetheless a surprise to the market. This news was also the background to Consumer Staples' weak performance during the month. The Magnit DR traded at levels we have not seen for four years.

#### The fund

Tundra Rysslandsfond rose 1.8% in June, while the market, measured by MSCI Russia Net, rose 4.5% (SEK).

During the month the entire holding in Georgia Healthcare was sold after strong performance. We acquired the shares in conjunction with the IPO in November, and the return was 35% from November to divestment.

#### Tundra Rysslandsfond vs index (year-to-date)



#### MSCI Russia, oil price and LME Metals Index (USD)(rebased)





## Monthly Letter June 2016 **Tundra Sustainable Frontier Fund (class A. SEK)**

Return	NAV (SEK)	1 month	YTD	1 year	Inception
Tundra Sustainable Frontier Fund	92.5	3.7%	3.0%	-	-7.5%
Benchmark (MSCI FM xGCC Net (SEK))	4988.0	-1.7%	3.0%	-	-7.4%
Benefit (meet 1 m Adoo Net (BEN))	+300.0	1.7 70	0.070		- /

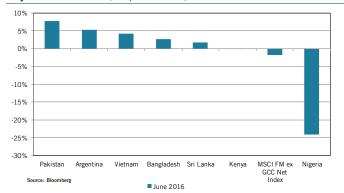
Facts		Risk and costs*
Inception date	2015-08-03	Active risk (Tracking error) -
Inception price	100.00	Standard deviation -
Pricing	Daily	Standard deviation, benchmark -
Manager	Tundra Fonder AB	Beta -
Benchmark index	MSCI FM xGCC Net (SEK)	Information ratio -
Bank account	SEB 5851-1107312	Risk level 7 of 7 (refer to KIID for more info)
ISIN	SE0005797206	Management fee/year 2.5%
PPM	=	
Bloomberg	TUNDSUS SS	
AuM	150.9 MSEK	

Risk indicators are based on monthly rolling 24 months of return data. Funds with inception date within 24 months use weekly return data since inceptio

Best performers in June		Worst performers in June	
	Return (SEK)		Return (SEK)
Saigon General	35.2%	United Bank Afr	-29.0%
Banco Macro Sa-B	21.8%	Diamond Bank	-28.0%
Hoa Phat Grp Jsc	19.7%	Access Bank Plc	-27.3%
Cresud Sa	17.7%	Zenith Bank Plc	-24.5%
Habib Bank Ltd	14.5%	Netsol Technolog	-14.0%

Five largest holdings						Return 1
Holding	Portfolio weight	Country	P/E 2015E	P/E 2016E	Yield	month (SEK)
International Brands	5.9%	Pakistan	-	-	-	44.0%
Masan Group Corp	3.9%	Vietnam	38.8	22.7	-	-2.2%
Systems Ltd	3.7%	Pakistan	15.6	11.1	-	3.1%
Grupo Galicia-B	3.7%	Argentina	14.3	11.1	0.3%	10.7%
K-Electric Ltd	3.7%	Pakistan	9.6	6.7	0.8%	8.8%

#### Major frontier markets (SEK, total return)



#### Tundra Sustainable Frontier Fund vs index (since inception)



#### Tundra Sustainable Frontier Fund: Sector allocation



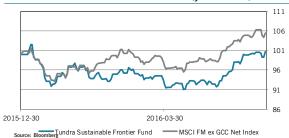
#### The market

MSCI Frontier Markets Index xGCC Net (SEK) fell 1.7% during the month, compared with the MSCI Emerging Markets Net (SEK), which rose 6.2%. Nigeria's devaluation (June 20th) and Brexit (June 23rd) affected both stock markets and currency markets significantly. A weaker Swedish krona (2% against the dollar) mitigated losses somewhat. The weak index performance was entirely due to Nigeria (18% weight before the devaluation), which fell 24% (SEK) during the month. Most other markets moved slightly upwards. Of the larger frontier markets Pakistan (+ 7.7%) and Argentina (+5.2%) performed well. Except for the first two days after the Brexit-shock the market reaction in frontier markets was surprisingly modest. Not even the more Brexit-sensitive markets of Central and Eastern Europe reacted significantly in terms of the month as a whole. Romania for example rose 4% during the month. Regarding global events during July we are awaiting the Federal Reserve's interest rate announcement on July 27. After Brexit the market assessed probability of a rate increase has dropped to near zero. The end of Ramadan in the second week of July, combined with approaching reporting season may positively influence trading activity.

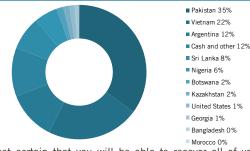
#### The fund

The fund rose 3.7%, compared to the market that fell 1.7%. Both country selection as well as stock selection worked well during the month. The fund received good contributions from positions in Vietnam and Argentina, while the fund's underweight in Nigeria contributed significantly to the outperformance. Just over 1% of the excess return was attributable to a revaluation of the fund's unlisted holding in Pakistani International Brands (IBL). The revaluation takes place against the background of a sharp rise in the company's main asset, the listed pharmaceutical company Searle, and the fact that a clear timeline for an IPO in the autumn has been set. Assuming the IPO takes place according to plan, it is our assessment that there is significant upside potential from current levels. The fund's other holdings in Pakistan again had difficulties following the market upward. We believe that these holdings is the part of the portfolio while we are likely to have the greatest potential from current levels.

#### Tundra Sustainable Frontier Fund vs index (year-to-date)



#### **Tundra Sustainable Frontier Fund: Country allocation**





Return

Tundra Vietnam Fund

## Monthly Letter June 2016 **Tundra Vietnam Fund (class A, SEK)**

Jmf-index (FTSE Vietnam Index Net (SEK))		2238.3	4.2%	5.9%	-2.8%	22.0%
Facts		F	lisk and co	osts*		
Inception date	2014-05-06	A	ctive risk (Tra	acking error)		8.4%
Inception price	100,00	S	tandard devi	ation		18.8%
Pricing	Dagligen	S	tandard devi	ation, bench	ımark	20.7%
Manager	Tundra Fonder AB	В	eta			0.83
Benchmark index	FTSE Vietnam Index TR (SEK)	Ir	formation ra	tio		1.26
Bank account	SEB 5851-1103805	R	isk level	7 of 7 (ref	er to KIID for	r more info)
ISIN	SE0005797099	N	lanagement f	ee/year		2.5%
PPM	762823					
Bloomberg	TUNDVIE SS					
AuM	299.4 MSEK					

NAV (SEK)

145.6

1 month

7.3%

YTD

11.1%

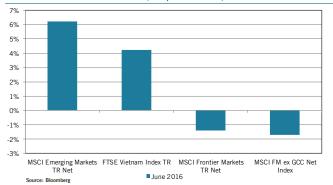
14.3%

Risk indicators are based on monthly rolling 24 months of return data. Funds with inception date within 24 months use weekly return data since inception

Best performers in June	•		Worst per	formers in J	une	
	Return (SE	K)				Return (SEK)
Nam Kim Steel Js	46.0	1%	Tng Investm	ent &		-4.5%
Cadivi	44.8	%	Vietnam Js C	omm		-3.6%
Vinh Hoan Corp	42.6	%	Hung Vuong	Corp		-2.9%
Dhg Pharmaceutic	38.5	%	Military Com	merc		-2.4%
Traphaco	31.5	%	Petrolimex Pe	etro		-2.3%
Five largest holdings						Return 1
Holding	Portfolio weight	Country	P/E 2015E	P/E 2016E	Yield	month (SEK)
Hoa Phat Cro. Icc	Q 1%	Viotnam	83	7.5	5.0%	10.7%

Holding	Portfolio weight	Country	P/E 2015E	P/E 2016E	Yield	month (SEK)
Hoa Phat Grp Jsc	8.1%	Vietnam	8.3	7.5	5.0%	19.7%
Vingroup Jsc	7.2%	Vietnam	35.8	30.8	-	6.7%
Masan Group Corp	6.4%	Vietnam	38.8	22.7	-	-2.2%
Petrovietnam Dri	6.2%	Vietnam	6.2	25.3	2.9%	0.2%
Fpt Corp	3.8%	Vietnam	10.5	9.7	4.4%	4.7%
Source: Bloomberg, Tundra Fonder						

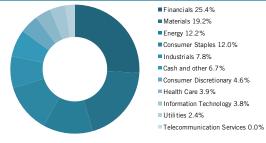
#### Various frontier market indices (SEK, total return)



#### Tundra Vietnam Fund vs index (since inception)



#### **Tundra Vietnam Fund: Sector allocation**



#### The market

Inception

45.6%

The strong momentum in the previous months continued in June and the FTSE Vietnam Index NET rose 4.2% in June compared to MSCI Emerging Markets rising 6.2% and MSCI Frontier xGCC falling 1.7%. The initial shock by the Brexit poll took the market almost 2% lower, before recovering and the market finished the month close to 3-year high. The average daily turnover was high, USD 135m, and foreigners continued to be net buyers to the value of USD 13,3m. The interest from local investors also increased encouraged by a number of policies from the government to support growth. Macro indicators continued to support the investment case for Vietnam, PMI for June was 52.6 (over 50 indicates expansion) and inflation was 2,4% (up from 2.28% in May). GDP for the second quarter increased by 5.55%, faster than the 5.46% recorded in the first quarter. That is far off the official target of 6.7% for the full year and even if the second half growth traditionally is much stronger, we expect full year target to be revised down to 6.1-6.3%-levels, still high in a global perspective. Brexit may indirectly put a short term pressure on the currency through the devaluation of Chinese Yuan which is Vietnam's main export competitor. We would not be surprised if State Bank of Vietnam adjust value of Vietnam Dong slightly downwards in the coming months to support exports.

#### The fund

The fund Net (SEK) gained 7.3% during the month outperforming the benchmark index which gained 4.2%. Positive relative performance was mainly driven by our off benchmark bets in Materials (BCC, HSG), Industrials (CII, CAV), Healthcare (TRA, DHG) and Consumer Discretionary (CSM, DRC). In addition our overweight in Energy (PVD) also performed well for the fund. On the negative side, Financials (VCB, BVH) and Real Estate (VIC), in which the fund had underweight position, were the main relative underperformers. No major changes were made in the fund during the month.

#### Tundra Vietnam Fund vs index (year-to-date)







## Monthly Letter June 2016 Appendix I – Equity markets

		Return SEK (%)		
	June	3 months	Year to date	12 months
Emerging Markets	6,2	5,6	7,6	-9,5
M SCI Emerging Markets TR Net Brazil	22,0	19,5	49,3	-3,2
Chile	8,6	6,9	16,0	1,2
Colombia	11,8	7,9	26,7	-9,8
The Philippines	6,8	11,0	14,1	3,9
India	3,5	8,8 9,2	3,2 16,7	-3,8 9,2
Indonesia China (A shares)	11,8 0,7	-0,2	-17,6	-32,3
China (H shares)	3,2	5,0	-3,7	-21,1
M alaysia	6,4	-1,3	7,4	-3,3
Egypt	-3,7	5,9	-3,6	-21,6
M exico	3,3	-2,4	2,0	-9,6
Peru Poland	13,4	24,0 -13,4	51,0 -6,7	11,5 -24,9
Russia	4.5	9,2	21,8	1,3
South Africa	10,0	6,6	16,8	-13,4
South Korea	6,3	3,6	4,7	-0,6
Taiwan	6,8	5,7	10,2	-6,1
Thailand	4,1	7,9	21,2	-4,3
Czech Republic Turkey	-1,4	-1,5 -3,4	-1,0 10,4	-15,9 -7,4
Hungary	4,1 -1,0	0,0	11,3	24,0
United Arab Emirates	5,8	5,0	10,4	-12,4
Qatar	5,8	-0,2	-0,5	-14,7
Latin America	13,8	10,5	27,3	-4,8
Asia	4,9	5,3	3,3	-9,4
EMEA South to Manhata	5,5	3,6	12,4	-11,7
Frontier M arkets MSCI Frontier Markets 100 TR Net	-1.4	5,4	0,8	-9,5
M SCI Frontier Markets xGCC Net	-1,4	7,0	3,0	-7,1
Argentina	5,2	12,7	16,8	10,4
Bangladesh	2,7	15,4	5,8	-7,7
Bosnia and Herzegovina	0,6	4,2	3,3	1,0
Bulgaria	7,7	7,8	-5,2	-16,5
Ecuador	0,3	7,0	-2,2 13,4	-9,3 8,2
Morocco Estonia	-0,4 0,9	7,8 6,5	16,9	30,1
Tunisia	-4.3	-6,4	4,5	0,0
Ghana	1,7	-4,2	-11,8	-13,6
Kazakhstan	-1,7	4,6	-1,6	-32,0
Kenya	-0,2	2,1	5,0	-8,4
Croatia	2,9	3,3	8,0	5,2
Kuwait	-1,6 -1,7	-1,9 3,2	-8,2 7,0	-17,3 44,9
Latvia Lithuania	-1,7	-5,9	-3,7	-7,2
Mauritius	-0,9	2,9	2,7	-7,7
Mongolia	14,1	19,8	-2,8	-16,7
Nigeria	-24,1	-7,4	-21,1	-34,5
Pakistan	7,7	20,0	14,3	0,7
Jordan	-0,5	6,5	-2,9	-0,9
Romania	4,3	4,1	6,2	5,3
Serbia	1,5	5,7	-2,4	-11,6
Slovakia	-0,1	-1,6 -5,3	9,9 -8,1	25,4 -8,3
Slovenia Sri Lanka	-1,4 1,7	9,2	-10,8	-16,9
Ukraine	0,9	3,7	9,4	-29,6
Vietnam	4,2	15,7	5,9	-2,8
Developed Markets				
M SCI World TR Net	1,0	6,0	0,7	0,1
Hong Kong	3,0	5,9	1,2	-8,1
Nasdaq Nikkei 225	0,0 -0,4	4,3 6,0	-3,6 -4,6	0,0 -6,3
Nikkei 225 OMX Stockholm 30	-0,4	-0,7	-4,0 -4,9	-9,6
S&P 500	2,2	6,9	2,6	4,7
Singapore	6,6	5,3	5,9	-8,9
STOXX Europe 600	-2,4	2,1	-5,3	-8,6
Sectors (Emerging Markets)				
Financials	6,8	5,2	4,9	-15,4
Industrials  Consumer Stories	3,5	1,5 9,3	0,8 12,3	-16,6 -0,7
Consumer Staples Energy	7,5 6,5	6,9	17,9	-0,7
IT	6,2	7,5	8,7	-1,1
Utilities	7,8	5,4	11,0	-7,3
Healthcare	5,4	5,3	1,1	-4,8
M aterials	7,8	4,1	16,4	-6,9
Consumer Discretionary	3,7	3,5	2,9	-7,8
Telecom	6,4	4,8	7,1	-13,1



## Monthly Letter June 2016 Appendix II – Commodity markets

		Return in USD (%)			
	June	3 months	Year to date	12 months	
Soft commodities					
Coffe	18,6	13,1	16,5	10,3	
Cocoa	-1,8	1,8	-7,0	-8,3	
Corn	-10,1	1,4	-2,7	-15,4	
Palm oil	-6,2	-13,4	12,9	1,2	
Rice	-4,0	8,4	-9,0	3,3	
Soya	9,2	24,7	29,8	19,0	
Wheat	-6,3	-9,1	-9,6	-29,4	
Energy					
Cool (cooking coal, China)	-1,2	11,0	14,1	-16,5	
Cool (steam coal, South Africa)	6,4	10,8	20,7	-2,7	
Natural Gas (Henry Hub)	27,8	49,3	32,1	3,2	
Oil (Arabian Light)	3,9	39,3	51,8	-22,0	
Oil (Brent)	0,0	25,5	36,3	-21,9	
Oil (WTI)	-1,6	26,1	32,0	-18,7	
Fertilizers					
Ammonia	-9,5	-8,1	-28,8	-38,0	
Phosphorus	0,0	-3,0	-5,2	-3,0	
Potash	-2,2	-8,2	-26,2	-42,3	
Sulfur	0,0	-26,3	-36,4	-47,0	
Urea	-4,2	-28,8	-21,4	-41,8	
Metals					
Aluminum	6,0	8,5	7,9	-2,5	
Gold	8,8	7,2	24,5	12,8	
Copper	3,7	0,0	2,3	-16,0	
Nickel	12,0	11,2	8,6	-21,2	
Palladium	9,6	6,3	10,2	-11,2	
Platinum	4,6	5,0	17,6	-5,1	
Silver	17,0	21,2	34,7	18,9	
Steel	-1,8	-2,1	24,9	6,1	
Zinc	9,4	15,8	29,0	5,2	



## Monthly Letter June 2016 Appendix III – Currencies

		SEK per 1 local currency				Change (%)			
	2016-06-30	2016-03-31	2015-12-30	2015-06-30	June	3 months	Year to date	12 months	
Argentina (Peso)	0,5642	0,5502	0,6487	0,9074	-5,0	2,5	-13,0	-37,8	
Bangladesh (Taka)	0,1084	0,1032	0,1074	0,1060	2,2	5,0	1,0	2,2	
Bosnia Hercegovina (Mark)	4,8167	4,7072	4,7062	4,7003	1,9	2,3	2,3	2,5	
Brazil (Real)	2,6424	2,2519	2,1272	2,6573	14,8	17,3	24,2	-0,6	
Bulgaria (Lev)	4,8206	4,7078	4,7006	4,6965	1,9	2,4	2,6	2,6	
Chile (Peso) X100	0,0128	0,0121	0,0119	0,0129	6,5	5,6	7,6	-0,8	
Colombia (Peso) x100	0,0029	0,0027	0,0027	0,0032	8,1	7,9	9,6	-8,1	
Egypt (Pound)	0,9560	0,9147	1,0753	1,0810	2,1	4,5	-11,1	-11,6	
Euro	9,3946	9,2378	9,1666	9,2348	1,3	1,7	2,5	1,7	
Philippines (Peso)	0,1803	0,1756	0,1784	0,1829	1,4	2,7	1,0	-1,4	
United Arab Emirates (Dirham)	2,3113	2,2028	2,2923	2,2449	2,1	4,9	0,8	3,0	
Hong Kong (Dollar)	1,0941	1,0430	1,0863	1,0637	2,3	4,9	0,7	2,9	
India (Rupee)	0,1257	0,1221	0,1268	0,1295	1,7	2,9	-0,9	-3,0	
Indonesia (Rupia) X100	0,0006	0,0006	0,0006	0,0006	5,5	5,2	5,1	3,8	
Japan (Yen) X100	0,0823	0,0719	0,0699	0,0673	9,6	14,4	17,7	22,2	
Kazakstan (Tenge)	0,0250	0,0235	0,0248	0,0443	1,2	6,6	0,8	-43,5	
Kenya (Shilling)	0,0840	0,0798	0,0823	0,0831	1,9	5,2	2,0	1,1	
China (Renminbi)	1,2769	1,2537	1,2974	1,3297	1,2	1,9	-1,6	-4,0	
Croatia (Kuna)	1,2548	1,2243	1,2051	1,2100	1,6	2,5	4,1	3,7	
Kuwait (Dinar)	28,1260	26,8040	27,7378	27,3036	2,3	4,9	1,4	3,0	
Latvia (Lati)	13,4148	13,1006	13,0980	13,0648	1,9	2,4	2,4	2,7	
Malaysia (Ringgit)	2,1057	2,0748	1,9615	2,1854	4,6	1,5	7,3	-3,7	
Morocco (Dirham)	0,8675	0,8399	0,8510	0,8467	1,9	3,3	1,9	2,5	
Mexico (Peso)	0,4644	0,4682	0,4844	0,5239	3,2	-0,8	-4,1	-11,4	
Mongolia (Togrog)	0,0043	0,0040	0,0042	0,0042	2,7	8,2	1,1	1,9	
Nigeria (Naira)	0,0303	0,0406	0,0423	0,0414	-27,5	-25,5	-28,4	-26,9	
Pakistan (Rupee)	0,0811	0,0772	0,0803	0,0810	2,3	4,9	1,0	0,1	
Peru (new SoI)	2,5838	2,4421	2,4699	2,5934	5,0	5,8	4,6	-0,4	
Polan (Zloty)	2,1535	2,1703	2,1620	2,1928	2,1	-0,8	-0,4	-1,8	
Qatar (Rial)	2,3312	2,2221	2,3122	2,2648	2,1	4,9	0,8	2,9	
Romania (Lei)	2,0842	2,0600	2,0327	2,0527	1,7	1,2	2,5	1,5	
Russia (Rubel)	0,1327	0,1207	0,1144	0,1491	6,5	10,0	16,0	-11,0	
Serbia (Dinar)	0,0765	0,0750	0,0756	0,0763	1,6	2,0	1,1	0,2	
Singapore (Dollar)	6,3012	6,0003	5,9533	6,1197	4,4	5,0	5,8	3,0	
Sri Lanka (Rupe)	0,0583	0,0554	0,0584	0,0616	3,6	5,2	-0,3	-5,4	
Sydafrika (rand)	0,5764	0,5479	0,5411	0,6776	8,9	5,2	6,5	-14,9	
South Korea (Won)	0,0074	0,0071	0,0072	0,0074	5,7	4,2	2,6	-0,3	
Taiwan (Dollar)	0,2630	0,2510	0,2557	0,2664	3,2	4,8	2,9	-1,3	
Thailand (Bhat)	0,2416	0,2300	0,2339	0,2442	3,8	5,1	3,3	-1,1	
Czech (Koruny)	0,3481	0,3405	0,3406	0,3370	1,7	2,2	2,2	3,3	
Turkey (Lira)	2,9499	2,8718	2,8846	3,0749	4,7	2,7	2,3	-4,1	
Ukraine (Hryvnia)	0,3419	0,3088	0,3504	0,3925	3,1	10,7	-2,4	-12,9	
Hungary (Forint)	0,0299	0,0293	0,0294	0,0292	1,2	1,9	1,7	2,4	
USD	8,4890	8,0908	8,4198	8,2457	2,1	4,9	0,8	3,0	
Vietnam (Dong) X1000	0,0004	0,0004	0,0004	0,0004	2,5	4,9	1,5	0,8	



#### Important: Please read this information/disclaimer

This presentation is issued by Tundra Fonder AB ("Tundra"). The information – assumptions, opinions, valuations, recommendations etc – presented in this publication have been compiled by Tundra. The publication is based on generally available information from sources that Tundra believes to be reliable. However, Tundra cannot guarantee the accuracy of this information. This presentation – as well as all or parts of its content – may not be duplicated or distributed under any circumstances without the written permission of Tundra.

#### Use of information

This presentation is intended exclusively for the use of Tundra's clients in Sweden and is thus not intended for any individual or company in the USA, Canada, Japan or Australia, or in any other country where the publication or availability of the material is prohibited or restricted in any way.

The Fund or the Fund Company Tundra Fonder is not registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, the United States Investment Company Act of 1940, or any other applicable law of the United States. Therefore fund units may not be offered, sold or in any other way distributed to physical or legal persons in the United States of America. It is the responsibility of individuals or entities acquainting themselves with this presentation to inform themselves of and comply with these regulations. A legal entity may be prevented from investing in Tundra's fund by law or internal regulations. Foreign law may prevent investments to be made from outside of Sweden. Tundra will not verify that investments from outside of Sweden are made in accordance with foreign law and Tundra will not accept responsibility for any such investments. It is the responsibility of persons reading this presentation to inform themselves of, and to follow these rules. Should any such person or company nonetheless accept offers from Tundra, of whatever kind they may be, it may be disregarded. No part of this presentation should be construed as a solicitation or recommendation to conduct or make use of any type of investment or to enter into any other transactions. The opinions expressed in this presentation reflect the present views of the participants and may thus be subject to change. The information in this presentation does not take into account the specific investment goal, financial situation or needs of any specific recipient. The information should not be regarded as a personal recommendation or investment advice. The client should always seek adequate professional advice before taking any investment decision and each such investment decision is taken independently by the client and at the client's own risk. Tundra accepts no liability whatsoever for any direct or consequential loss of any kind arising from the use of this presentation. Tundra's employees may hold, indirect or indirect investments mentioned in this presentation

The state of the origin of the Fund is Sweden. This document may only be distributed in or from Swizerland to qualified investors within the meaning of Art. 10 Para. 3,3bis and 3ter CISA. The representative in Switzerland is ACOLIN Fund Service AG, Stadelhoferstrasse 18, CH-8001 Zurich, whilst the Paying Agent is Bank Vontobel Ltd, Gotthardstrasse 43, CH-8022 Zurich. The Basic documents of the fund as well as the annual report may be obtained free of charge at the registered office of the Swiss Representative

#### **Risks**

Investments in financial instruments are associated with risk and an investment may both increase and decrease in value or even become worthless. Historical returns are no guarantee of future returns. International investments, particularly those on new markets in developing and growth countries (such as Eastern Europe (including Russia), Asia, Latin America and Africa), are normally associated with a higher level of risk than investments in Swedish or other developed markets' securities. These risks include both political and economic uncertainty in other countries as well as currency fluctuations. These risks are particularly high on new markets since these countries may have relatively unstable governments and immature markets and economies.